

Mount Vernon Signal.

VOLUME XIV.

MT. VERNON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1899.

NUMBER 7.

THE BRITISH WAVERED

Big Guns Met the English Troops as They Advanced at Ladysmith Monday.

WILD RUSH WAS MADE ON THE BOERS

Joubert Was in Command of the Forces and Showed White That He Was Master.

After a Hundred Britons Had Fallen the English Returned "In Order," They Assert—The Boers Loss is Reported as Heavy.

LADYSMITH, Oct. 31.—The naval brigade arrived Monday morning at half-past nine and commenced firing with six quick firing guns with great precision. The Boer forty-pounders, which had again begun to shell the town, were temporarily disabled at the third and fifth shots. Brisk fighting is in progress on the right and left flanks.

The advance was made at dawn with the object of shelling the Boers from the position where Sunday they had mounted a number of guns. On reaching the spot, however, it was found that they had evacuated the position. The British continued to advance, and the movement developed into a reconnaissance in force. The enemy were posted on a range of hills having a frontage of about 18 miles. The British force was disposed in the following order: "On the right, three regiments of cavalry, four batteries of the Royal field artillery and five battalions of infantry; in the center three batteries of the Royal field artillery, two regiments of cavalry and four infantry battalions, and on the left the Royal Irish Fusiliers, the Gloucestershire regiment and the 10th mountain battery. This force had been detailed to guard our left flank at a late hour Sunday night. Gen. White's plan of operations was, as the movement developed, the force constituting our center, which was disposed under cover of a kopje about three miles from the town, should throw itself upon the enemy, while the left flank was being held by the Fusiliers and the Gloucesters. The scheme was well devised, but failed in execution owing to the fact that the Boer position which formed our objective was evacuated.

Our artillery quickly reduced the volume of the enemy's fire, but the attack delivered on our right flank was the principal one and the column was compelled to change. The Boer attack had been silenced for a time and our infantry advanced, covered by cavalry. The enemy now began to develop a heavy counter attack, and as they were in great numerical superiority, Gen. White gave orders for the infantry to be gradually withdrawn. The movement was carried out with great steadiness and deliberation, under cover of our guns, which made excellent practice. Some shells were thrown into the town from the enemy's 40-pounders at a range of over 6,000 yards, but no damage was done.

The engagement lasted several hours and resulted on our side in casualties estimated at from 90 to 100. Boer losses must have largely exceeded this total. The attack was admirably delivered by our right and the Boers were fairly driven out of their strongholds near Lombard's kopje. It was not possible, however, to push the success much further, as beyond that point lay a long, broken ridge, affording every kind of natural cover. Of this the enemy took the fullest advantage.

Our shells failed to dislodge the Boers, and as our infantry moved forward in extended order, they came under a heavy and well directed rifle fire, the effect of which was soon apparent. Gen. White, who was with the center, seeing that the troops on the right were somewhat pressed, sent to their assistance the whole center column, with the exception of the Devonshire regiment.

The battle had then lasted four hours, during which the artillery fire on both sides had been almost incessant. The naval brigade, which landed at Durban, had arrived on the scene toward the end of the fight and immediately brought their heavy guns into play. Their practice was magnificent. At the fourth shot the enemy's 40-pounders had been knocked out of action.

The town is now freed from apprehension of bombardment. Throughout the engagement the Boers held their ground with courage and tenacity and, considering the intensity of our artillery fire, they must have suffered severely.

HOBART HAS A RELAPSE.

The Vice President of the United States is Critically Ill—Heart and Stomach Trouble the Cause.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Vice President Hobart, who has been ill for weeks at his home in Paterson, N. J., suffered a relapse Monday morning. He had a succession of choking spells, resulting from an imperfect action of the heart, an old affliction, complicated with inflammation of the stomach. Mr. Hobart has not been able to attend to his private affairs for the past two or three days, and an intimate friend has been given power of attorney to sign checks and to attend to other matters of that character.

One of the physicians in attendance at 6 o'clock Monday night said that while the condition of Mr. Hobart was serious, he was better than at any time within the last 24 hours.

At 10:30 p. m. news from the sick room of Vice President Hobart that he was conscious and able to recognize those about the bedside. It was stated that no early change for the worse need be expected.

At midnight everything was quiet at the residence of Vice President Hobart. The lights were all out and everything



GARRETT A. HOBART.

appears to indicate that the vice president was resting quietly.

Vice President Hobart has been ill ever since the close of Congress.

Dr. Newton refused to make any definite statement as to the cause of Mr. Hobart's illness. He said, however, that the report that Mr. Hobart's mind was in any way affected by the illness was untrue. This statement was also made by members of the family and by Herbert Tuttle, the vice president's secretary.

A. A. Wilson, Mr. Hobart's life-long friend and law partner, said he did not think Mr. Hobart would die Monday night, but that he feared the vice president had not long to live. He refused to enter into details relative to the malady from which the patient suffered, but his idea was that it was necessarily fatal, although not immediately so.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The news that Vice President Hobart had suffered a severe relapse and might not be able to survive the latest attack shocked Washington, where he is decidedly popular and highly respected. It had been known for some time that a sudden attack might completely prostrate him at any moment, and it was realized that his days of activity were over, but nevertheless his friends here were not prepared for Monday's advices.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 31.—Dr. Newton left Vice President Hobart's house at 3:10 Tuesday morning and went to his own home, half a block away. He was very reticent as to the condition of the vice president, but said the patient was still sleeping and that there had been no change in his condition.

ADM. DEWEY TO MARRY.

He Announces to Intimate Friends His Engagement to Mrs. Hazen, of Washington—Date of Wedding Not Set.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Adm. Dewey announced to some of his more intimate friends Monday night the fact of his engagement to Mrs. W. B. Hazen, of this city. Mrs. Hazen is the widow of Gen. Hazen, formerly chief signal officer of the army, who died about ten years ago, and is a sister of John R. McLean, democratic candidate for governor of Ohio.

Mrs. Hazen has no children, and since her husband's death has made her home with her mother. She is a woman of large means, about 40 years of age and popular in the best social circles of Washington.

Adm. Dewey, at the theater Monday night, informed Secretary Long of his engagement to Mrs. Hazen. It is understood that the wedding will take place some time in November.

Twenty-Five Years at Hard Labor.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 31.—Herman Muller, who killed Policeman John Kossow a month ago, was Monday night found guilty of murder in the second degree and was sentenced by Judge Wallber to 25 years in state prison at hard labor.

FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

KNOTT'S RESIGNATION.

He Will Become First Vice President of the Plant System, the South's Most Extensive Railway System.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 31.—Stuart Knott, whose resignation as first vice president of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, has been accepted by the board of directors, is to become first vice president of the Plant system, the south's largest railway system. He is to have charge of traffic transportation and general operations and is virtually the head of the big system.

Mr. E. R. Erwin, who was elected president of the Plant system upon the death of President Plant a short time ago, is a lawyer and not a practical railroader. Consequently he will only look after the financial affairs of the company, leaving everything else to Mr. Knott. It is learned from a reliable source that Mr. Knott's salary as first vice president of the Plant lines will be \$20,000. It will be readily seen that the office of the big southern system was such an advantageous one that Mr. Knott could not refuse it. Mr. Knott's headquarters will be in the south, probably at Atlanta. The office of the president is in New York.

Mr. Knott returned to the city Sunday from Cincinnati. When seen by a reporter he said that he did not care to talk about his future plans. "I can not see," said he, "that the name of the railroad with which I expect to be connected or the nature of my duties are matters of any interest. I will assume the new work until the first of next year and that is a little too far in advance to warrant any definite statements from me."

UNDER THE HAMMER.

Land Sold by the Master Commissioner to the Eastern Parties.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 28.—Master Commissioner George C. Webb left on Thursday afternoon for New York to close a deal by which the properties of the Licking Valley Railway Co. and the Sterling Lumber Co. are to change ownership. The Licking Valley railroad extends from Salt Lick 10 miles into the 13,000 acres of timber land owned by the Sterling Lumber Co., along the Licking river in the direction of West Liberty. All of this property has been incumbered by debt, and was sold a day or two ago under suits to close liens held by Lord & Dudley, of Portland, Me. H. A. Fisk, of Providence, R. I., became the purchaser at \$90,000, which is considered about \$35,000 less than the property is worth. Fisk's company will erect sawmills on the land and get the timber into the market.

Mines Ordered Sold.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 31.—Receiver P. E. Kemp, of the Excelsior Coal Co., was discharged Monday and the court ordered the master commissioner to sell the property at once. This will cause the closing down of the mines and the throwing out of employment 60 men.

Big Land Deal.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 29.—Messrs. Charles H. Baker and Henry U. Coleman, of Trenton, N. J., have bought 5,000 acres of mineral and timber lands on Stoney creek, Tenn. A new iron blast furnace will be erected at once at the mouth of Stoney creek.

Youngest Asylum Inmate.

WINCHESTER, Ky., Oct. 28.—Mary Hampton, who was sent from here Thursday, is probably the youngest patient ever sent to the lunatic asylum in this state. She is only nine years old, but was adjudged a lunatic after a regular trial.

Post Office and Eleven Buildings Burned.

CYNTHIANA, Ky., Oct. 28.—The post office and 11 other buildings at Kelat, this county, were totally destroyed by fire Thursday morning about 2 o'clock. Origin of the fire unknown, but supposed to be work of firebugs. Losses have not been estimated, but will reach several thousand dollars, as most of the buildings were business houses and residences.

Eastin & Larabee's String.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 29.—Eastin & Larabee's horses arrived here from New York Friday night. They are quartered in G. D. Wilson's stable and were taken to Eastin's farm near Avon Saturday. Included in the string are Ben Holladay, Kinley Mack, McLeod of Dare and High Order. Ben Holladay will be retired to the stud.

BANKING FIRM FAILS.

An Assignee Appointed for D. A. Sayre & Co., Lexington—The Bank in Time Will Pay Dollar for Dollar.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 29.—The banking firm of D. A. Sayre & Co., whose president, E. D. Sayre, died Sunday, assigned Friday. It was the oldest bank in the city, having been founded in 1820. The Security Trust & Safety Vault Co. was made assignee. The bank was capitalized at \$37,000. The deposits are placed at \$140,000. The assignee states it will pay dollar for dollar, but it will take all the property belonging to J. W. and E. D. Sayre, jr., sons of the president, who are the chief stockholders, to pay out. They have a large amount of negotiable paper, but as it is several months under due the bank could not secure money to meet the calls.

ENTERS A PROTEST.

Judge Brown Denies the Right of Circuit Judge Eversole to Preside in the Clay County Circuit Court District.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Oct. 31.—Judge W. L. Brown, of London, has filed with Gov. Bradley a statement denying the right of Circuit Judge H. C. Eversole to preside in the Clay county circuit court district. He bases his claim on a decision rendered by the court of appeals in the Owsley county case last week. Judge Brown claims that under the decision his own term should have been till 1899. Judge Eversole, who, it was announced, would go to Manchester to take up the trial of the feudists Monday, is waiting to see an interview with Gov. Bradley on the contest raised by Brown.

Accident.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Oct. 31.—Mrs. Mary Lightfoot, of this city, was riding in an open buggy and got out to run behind. He is supposed to have frightened the horse. Mrs. Lightfoot jumped out and alighted on her feet, but fell again, breaking her neck. She leaves a husband and several children.

Four More Feudists Indicted.

MANCHESTER, Ky., Oct. 29.—Four additional indictments were made at Manchester Friday in the case of the Philpotts against the Griffin feudists. They are Green Griffin, Sam Brown, Charles Barnett and Dan Hampton. This makes eight in all, with probability of more. No outbreak has occurred as yet. Circuit Judge Eversole is expected at Manchester Monday with two companies of state troops.

No Request for Troop.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Oct. 29.—Judge W. L. Brown, of Laurel county, who was here Friday conferring with Gov. Bradley in regard to the situation in Clay county, denied that any request had been made for troops to attend the Chadwell and Griffin trials.

Father and Son Go to Prison.

BARDWELL, Ky., Oct. 31.—The trial of Tom Clark and son George, who killed a man named Furlong near here, was ended Saturday. Clark and son were sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of two years.

La Farondale Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 31.—T. G. Clay, Balgowan stud, has lost by death the 15-year-old mare La Farondale, by Baden Baden—Gold Vase. She was the dam of several winners.

Was His Own Lawyer.

VERSAILLES, Ky., Oct. 31.—The jury in the Graves murder case was discharged, failing to agree after being out 24 hours. Eleven were for conviction and a short term in the penitentiary, and one for acquittal. James C. Graves is a well known horseman, and killed his neighbor, Charles Cassidy, also a horseman, in May, 1898. Graves claimed self-defense, declined to have a lawyer, and conducted his own case.

Another Murder Reported.

MANCHESTER, Ky., Oct. 31.—Another murder is reported in this county growing out of the Philpott-Griffin feud. Mark Hall, a renter, living on Geo. Philpott's farm, was shot and killed. Hall did not belong to the feud, and it is believed he was mistaken for one of the Philpotts. Green Griffin escaped from jail Sunday night.

Paralyzed in a Depot.

RUSSELLVILLE, Ky., Oct. 31.—While standing on the depot platform Monday morning, Ben Settle, a jeweler, was stricken with paralysis. He may recover. He was waiting to meet his wife.

THE LINCOLN COUNTY NATIONAL BANK, OF STANFORD, KY.

Capital \$100,000.

Successors to Farmers Bank and Trust Co., STANFORD, KY.,

And continuously under same management for 29 years. Solicits your Bank account hoping such business relations will prove materially profitable and pleasant.

DIRECTORS.

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Keeps Coffins, Caskets, Robes, Linen Bosoms, Cuffs and Collars. Can Furnish Metallic Caskets and Pays Embalming Done on Short Notice and Easy Terms.

Orders by Telegraph or Telephone Promptly Attended to Day or Night.

GREEN FRONT DRUG STORE

Is the Place to Buy

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, JEWELRY, STATIONERY, CIGARS AND TOBACCOS, PAINTS AND OILS.

Call when in Town. C. C. DAVIS & CO., Mt. Vernon, Ky.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF STANFORD, KY.

Capital Stock, \$100,000. Surplus, \$17,320.

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J. W. Hayden, W. P. Walton, J. H. Collier, M. D. Elmore, J. S. Hockers, F. Reid, T. P. Hill, S. H. Baughman, W. A. Tribble, S. T. Harris and M. J. Miller.

We solicit the accounts of the citizens of Rockcastle and adjoining counties, assuring them prompt and careful attention to all business entrusted to us. Personal application and correspondence, with a view to business relations, respectfully invited.

J. S. Hockers, Pres., Jno. J. McRoberts, Cashier, A. A. McKinney, Asst. Cashier.

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JONAS McKENZIE

MT. VERNON, KY.,

For Everything in

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, General Merchandise.

BEST GOODS AT LIVING PRICES.

Mt Vernon Signal

FRIDAY, NOV. 3, 1899.

Published every Friday by
JAMES MARET.

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Advertising rates made known on
application

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,
WILLIAM GOEBEL, of Kenton.
For Lieutenant Governor,
J. C. W. BECKHAM, of Nelson
For Attorney General
ROBT J. BRECKINRIDGE, of Boyle
For Auditor,
GUS G. COULTER, of Graves
For Treasurer,
E. G. HAGER, of Boyd
For Secretary of State,
C. B. HILL, of Clark
For Supt. of Public Instruction,
H. V. McCHESNEY, of Livingston
For Commissioner of Agriculture,
I. B. NALL, of Jefferson
For Railroad Commissioner—Third district
A. W. HAMILTON, of Montgomery

GOEBEL.

WE believe it will.

STAND by the people.

Rockcastle Democrats do your
duty.

DOWN with the trusts and mon-
opolies.

VOTE for a reduction on school
books.

LET old Rockcastle send in a
good Democratic report.

VOTE Democratic ticket and by
doing so get cheaper school books.

LET us get school books as
cheap as Indiana and other pro-
gressive rates.

MONDAY'S Louisville Times has
the picture of Louis Landram of
the Lancaster Record and an
answer from him to the query: How
he came to be an Editor. It is
rich.

INSTEAD of the L. & N. taking
Goebel on an excursion up Salt
river to the meshes of defeat, he
will, like the old hero of Manila,
ride a battle ship with the sails
kissing every breeze to a glorious
and much deserved victory.

THE partisan papers are now
striving to elect their men by abus-
ing the other side. A man who
is demphool enough to be influ-
enced by such rot ought not to be
entitled to a vote.—(Louis Land-
ram's Record.

HON. G. G. Gilbert's speech
here last Saturday was chock full
of common sense and replete with
truths bearing on the best interests
of the people. A coward house
greeted him and gave undivided at-
tention to the speaker who kept
them well entertained for nearly
two hours. Every Democrat was
highly gratified with the speech
and much good was accomplished
by our Congressman's coming among
us.

RESPONSIBILITY.

Ex-Gov. Brown, Senator Goebel
or Gen. Taylor, which? We
always contended and do so now,
that every person is the absolute
owner of his own ballot, with the
unquestionable right to cast it on
election day as he thinks best.
You should follow the dictates of
your best judgment and conscience.
We have our opinions and are
perfectly willing to give our rea-
sons for those opinions. You need
not accept them unless those rea-
sons which influence us are suffi-
cient to satisfy you. If there be a
man that thinks he can best serve
his country by voting for Brown,
let him satisfy that feeling. We
shall think none the less of you,
but we do think that you are be-
guiled and misled by false and
fraudulent representations. Gov.
Brown will never be Governor
again. He has no more chance
than a one-legged man at a log-
rollin' dance. He stands convict-

ed by his two bosom friends: C. C.
McChord and Uray Woodson of be-
ing for Goebel until he was nomi-
nated; he stands convicted by his
protege, Frank Peake and his
friend, Dr. Gillespie, that he would
take the sump in October if his
wife got better. These are suffi-
cient reasons to convince you that
you should not vote for him. Brown
doesn't expect to be elected; nei-
ther does the L. & N. railroad
look for it. Taylor came up from a
peniless youth and stands very
well himself, but he is opposed to
having cheaper school books when
fifteen other States have them and
such a law as we want passed. The
law has proved the poor man's
friend in those States why not
here? Gen Taylor and his party
are in favor of trusts oppressing the
people because they had a chance
to vote in the last session of the
General Assembly for an anti-
trust law but each and every one
voted against it when it was
brought up for passage. He is
opposed to the McCord Railroad
Bill to prevent unjust charges. He
indorses nothing; he favors
nothing definitely, therefore, we
couldn't vote for him.

Every important measure that
directly affects the people are set
out in the Democratic platform and
Senator Goebel stands firmly upon
each and every plank of that plat-
form. It is peculiarly his own.
The laborer can find relief therein;
the railroad employe can gather
much consolation from the Double-
header Bill which prevents rail-
roads from putting the work of two
crews of men upon one. The
honest voter can know that under
the election law his vote will be
counted as he cast it. The ship-
per of coal, wheat, timber and
stone will know that he can get a
reasonable rate and the merchants'
numerous freight bills will be less-
ened. The poor, hard working
parent will know that he can buy
his school books 40 per cent cheap-
er. For these reasons we are for
Senator Goebel because that is the
business ticket; it is the poor man's
ticket; it is the contractors' ticket;
it is the business man's ticket. yea,
it is the peoples ticket.

SENATOR WM. GOEBEL was born
in Pennsylvania 42 years ago and
with his parents, came to Covington
when quite a knee-pant, bare-
footed boy, where he has ever
since lived, and where he has
risen to be a leading and trusted
lawyer. This boy's father was a
poor railroad laborer, and William
began life by selling newspapers
on the streets of that city for a liv-
ing. He started without the aid
of fortune, without the aid of rich
and powerful friends, and totally
without family prestige. But re-
alizing that every boy builds
his own fame and fortune, with
the Promethean spark burning
within; with an honest desire to
leave behind him the record of an
honorable life and to write his
name indelibly upon the history of
his adopted State, he began bat-
tling for the coveted goal of his
laudable ambition. He assiduously
labored to gain an education,
and finally went into Ex-Gov. Ex-
Senator John W. Stephenson's
law office as an errand boy—swept
his office, split his kindling wood,
built his fire and ran law citations
for him. That wise, able and be-
loved Ex-Governor realized there
was both mettle and merit be-
neath that ragged jacket of young
William Goebel, and made him his
law partner. Quickly did his great
natural talent grasp legal questions
and bravely and learnedly did he
represent his clients. When that
legal luminary was called upon
"to join that innumerable caravan"
that is daily moving to the City of
the New Jerusalem, he made Wm.
Goebel, whom he knew so well,
because of his intimate association,
executor of his will without re-
quiring any bond or surety. For
twelve years he has handled that
large estate and made settlements
every two years with the court
without a single objection from the
widow and daughter. To all fair-
minded men, that is sufficient proof
of his honesty. But the repu-
table Republicans, such as Morro

Bradley, Yerkes and all that know
anything of him admit that. No
one can doubt his ability, because
for many years he was the law
partner of Hon. John G. Carlisle,
and was even employed by Ex-
Gov. John Young Brown to rep-
resent this State before Supreme
Court of the United States. Judge
Morrow says that he is a man of
honor, truth and ability. In 1887
his people elected him to the State
Senate, where he has been ever
since, enjoying the honor longer
than any man ever served from
that district. As a member of the
Constitutional Convention he
proved himself of great service to
the State, and inserting that Section
in our organic law that compels
corporations to pay land holders a
reasonable compensation in money
before taking their land for public
use. He is also the father of that
Section which gives the right to
an administrator, heir or devisee
to recover damage for loss of life
of a single man killed through the
negligence of railroads. Every act
of his public life has shown him
to be the friend of the masses.

The railroad companies are fight-
ing him as it never fought any
other man. It is determined, if
possible, to elect Gen. Taylor, but
the people say, Nay! Nay! Pau-
line! Because it is not best to let
great railroad corporations control
the Legislature of our State. Sena-
tor Goebel is determined to see
that the country merchant is treat-
ed right in his rates; to see that the
shipper of our cattle, hogs and pro-
duce are not robbed by freight;
that dealers in lumber, staves,
stout and coal are not forced out
of business by extortion. The L.
& N. may howl and contribute
their thousands; the Insurance
Company's may organize to defeat
him; the banks may say "away
with him;" the hired and venal
news-papers may abuse and slander
him; and corporations may exclaim,
down him! Bradley and Morrow
may stifle their conscience and
pled with the "dear people" to
vote against him. Taylor, Yerkes
may "hoop up the boys in the
trenches on the "slowing around
the circle," but mark what we say:
the honest, unpurchasable voters
of Kentucky will march to the polls
next Tuesday and elect William
Goebel, governor of this great
State.

A. H. Thurness, Mgr. Wills
Creek Coal Co., Buffalo, Ohio,
writes: I have been affected with
Kidney and Bladder trouble for
years, passing gravel or stones,
accompanied by excruciating pains.
Other medicines only gave tempo-
rary relief. After taking Foley's
Kidney Cure, the result was sur-
prising. A few doses started the
brick dust, little fine stones etc.,
and now I have no pain across my
Kidneys and feel like a new man.
Foley's Kidney Cures has done me
\$1000 worth of good.

C. C. Davis Co., Mt. Vernon;
Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros.
Livingston.

Goebel's last speaking in the
present campaign, at Music Hall
next Monday night, will be a rous-
ing and fighting close to the gam-
ely political fight any candidate
ever put up in Kentucky. It isn't
in the cards to beat such intrepid-
ity coupled with so much ability.

Mrs. Thomas Riddleman, Parsh-
allville, Mich. writes: I was
troubled with Salt Rheum for over
thirteen years, had tried a number
of doctors without relief. My
husband bought a box of Banner
Salve, which I applied two or three
times and my hands began to get
better. In a short time they were
entirely cured.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon;
Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros.
Livingston.

Don't forget to vote for Goebel
and the straight ticket.

Theo. Wesley guarantees every
bottle of Chamberlain's Cough
Remedy and will refund the money
to any one who is not satisfied af-
ter using two-thirds of the con-
tents. This is the best remedy in
the world for lagrippe, cough,
colds, Croup and whooping cough
and is pleasant and safe to take.
It prevents any tendency of a cold
to result in pneumonia.

ELECTION LAW.

Its Real Provisions and Workings Are
Briefly Explained.

"This statute was rendered neces-
sary by the frauds by which the vote
of Kentucky was in 1896 taken from
Bryan and given to McKinley. By
what means were these frauds in the
election of 1896 committed? By the
deliberate and systematic violation of
the most important provision of the
secret ballot election law, designed to
prevent frauds, namely, that provision
which directed that at each voting
precinct there shall be a division of
the election officers among the polit-
ical parties contesting in the election.
There never was a secret ballot elec-
tion law enacted anywhere that did
not contain that safeguard against
fraud. It was a provision of im-
portance. Because of other provisions
of the law it is directed that im-
mediately upon the closing of the polls
the ballots shall be counted, and im-
mediately upon conclusion of the count-
ing the ballots shall be destroyed. When
the voters are prohibited from testifying
in any proceeding, civil or criminal,
how he voted. It is obvious that under
such a system, if election officers act
corruptly they can with impunity
make the result of an election what
they please without reference to how
the voters were cast. The ballots being
destroyed, and the voter prohibited
from testifying how he voted, it is im-
possible to prove the fraud. When the
offices are divided among the political
parties, the representatives of each
party can see to it—and if they are
honest they will see to it—that no
false count in the ballots is made, and
they will refuse to join in certifying
any other than the honest result.

"From the time that the bill for the
election law was offered in the senate,
I have publicly said anything about
this law I have stated this fact.
In the election of 1896 the election
officers of the city of Louisville
were appointed that at over 40 pre-
cincts there was not a single election
officer for Bryan. This statement has
never been questioned by any one.
Under these circumstances a majority
of 13,000 was turned out in Jefferson
county for McKinley. It would have
been quite as easy to have made the
majority 23,000, and there can be no
doubt that if the Democratic majority
in the First and Second congressional
districts had not been underestimated
by the Republican party leaders and
their allies in that contest the McKin-
ley majority in Louisville and Jeff-
erson county would have been much
larger than it was. We have the au-
thority of Hon. John S. Rhea for this
fact. Several weeks before the election
of 1896 it became known that the Re-
publican county judges of Monroe
county had grossly violated the law
requiring a division of the election
officers. Mr. Rhea's brother and a
friend went to Tompkinsville, the
county seat of Monroe county, and
called the attention of the county
judge to this violation of the law, and
demanded a division of the election
officers. The county judge promptly
agreed to comply with the demand,
and told the Democrats to select their
list of officers, which they did, and the
Democratic majority was secured. On the
evening before the election this county
judge, the appointments thus made,
demanded that the officers be had origi-
nally appointed, and the next day
the Democratic majority in the
county was secured. It is a fact that
in 1896 no one could indorse the
repetition of these frauds be prevented.
That way was by changing the
appointing power so as to render it
certain that at every voting precinct
in the commonwealth the Democratic
party would be represented by two
real Democrats, as well as the Repub-
lican party by two Republicans; and
this the new law does. [Applause.]

"Many misrepresentations were ut-
tered and published about this new
law. It was asserted that no penalty
for offenses committed by election offi-
cers was provided by the new law,
and consequently there was no law
providing punishment for such off-
enses. But in the suit to test the val-
idity of the law the appellate court ad-
judged, as the advocates of the law
had contended, that the penalties pro-
vided by the original secret ballot elec-
tion law remained in force and were
applicable to every wrong done after
the enactment of the new law. It was
claimed that because the new statu-
te did not provide for appeals to the
courts from decisions of election con-
test boards in election contests, there-
fore that right was destroyed. But the
court of appeals decided, as the Dem-
ocrats contended, that the right of ap-
peal to the courts remained unaffected
in every case in which there was such
right before the new law was enacted.
"The Republican platform declares
that the law commits broad power to
irresponsible commissioners not cho-
sen by or accountable to the people
for their acts. To whom is a county
judge in any of the mountain counties
having large Republican majorities re-
sponsible? And what would such a
judge care for criticism because he had
not, in appointing election officers, di-
vided them among the old political
parties? Under the old law the action
of the county judge in appointing elec-
tion officers could not be reviewed, nor
could he be removed from office nor
in any wise punished for disregarding
the law governing the appointment of
election officers. There can scarcely be
imagined a more irresponsible power
than that conferred by the old law
upon the county judge.

"But the new law empowers the
state commissioners to remove from
office at any time any county commis-
sioner, so that whenever any county
commissioner violates the law there
is an immediate remedy by bringing
the matter to the attention of the state
board.

"In only one way could indefinite
repetition of these frauds be prevent-
ed. That way was by changing the
appointing power so as to render it
certain that at every voting precinct
in the commonwealth the Democratic
party would be represented by two
real Democrats, as well as the Repub-
lican party by two Republicans; and
this the new law does. [Applause.]

"The Democratic platform indorses
the bill offered by Senator McChord
and passed at the last session of the
general assembly, which was vetoed
by the governor.

"If that bill had become a law the
railroad commission would have been
empowered by it to fix maximum rates
for the carrying of freights on rail-
roads in this commonwealth, in order
to prevent discrimination and extor-
tion. Several years before the gen-
eral assembly had enacted section 816
of the Kentucky statutes, which under-
took to define the offense of extortion
by railway carriers and to impose a
penalty for that commission. In April,
1896, the court of appeals adjudged
this statute insufficient to support a
prosecution, because the general as-
sembly had not by law fixed a max-
imum rate for freight carrying, nor em-
powered the railroad commission to do
so. To remedy this defect the Mc-
Chord bill was passed. The bill made
it the duty of the railroad commission
upon complaint of extortion to give
notice of a hearing, to hear the prop-
osition on both sides, and if it is found
that extortionate rate was being charged,
to fix a just and reasonable rate which
should be the maximum rate there-
after to be charged, and the charging
of a greater rate should be deemed ex-
tortion and punished by fine.

"The Democratic platform favors,
and the Republican platform opposes,
the enactment of a law reducing the
prices of schoolbooks used in the com-
mon schools of the state. At the last
session there was passed by the house
of representatives a bill upon this sub-
ject, offered by Mr. Chinn of Mercer
county. This bill fixed a maximum of
prices for schoolbooks, on an average,
one-third less than the prices now
fixed by the school book trust, but
that maximum was still 10 per cent
above the average maximum price
fixed by a similar law that has been
in successful operation in Indiana for
10 years. In the house of representa-
tives and in the senate every Repub-
lican vote was cast against this bill.

"It was said this law was without
precedent, but in Ohio the Republi-
can party has for years had in operation a
law which vests in one man, the secre-
tary of state, the power to appoint
county election commissioners for all
counties in the state save those con-
taining the large Republican cities,
and in those excepted counties, which
usually go Republican even when the
state goes Democratic, the power to ap-
point the election commissioners is
vested in the mayors. The Republican
press of Ohio, of course, continues to
denounce the infamous Kentucky
election law.

"In Virginia, the home of Jeffers-
on, the father of the Democratic party,
the general assembly at every ses-
sion, by joint resolution, appoints a
board of three election commissioners
for every county in the commonwealth,
who in turn appoint the registration
and election officers. Mahoneism has
given the people of Virginia a proper
appreciation of the importance of this
subject, and they have therefore placed
it upon the same plane with the high-
est functions of government—the exer-
cise of the sovereign legislative power.

"In Tennessee, the home of Jackson,
than whom there was no greater Demo-
crat, nor truer man, the governor an-
nually appoints three election com-
missioners for each county, who in
turn appoint the election officers. The
people of Tennessee have had a longer
experience with Republican frauds
under a secret ballot system than have
the people of Kentucky, and that ex-
perience has taught them what is nec-
essary to prevent those frauds.

Phase of the Opposition.

"I have confidence not only in the
wisdom, but in the integrity of John
W. Daniel and co-workers of Virginia,
and John G. Harris, Benton McMil-
lin, Robert L. Taylor, William B. Bate
and other Democrats of Tennessee.
Their brand of Democracy is good
enough for me, even if it does not suit
the tastes of Mr. Henry Watterson
and Colonel W. C. P. Breckinridge,
and believe that these Tennesseans
and Virginians have at least as much
honesty as W. Godfrey Hunter, W. S.
Taylor and other Republican party
leaders of Kentucky. [Applause.]

"The character of the opposition to
this law is the best evidence of its
wisdom and wisdom. Every corrupt
and malign influence in the common-
wealth or out of it that concerns itself
with our elections opposed the enact-
ment of this law, denounces it now,
and demands its repeal. When the bill
for the law was pending in the rail-
road lobby, the book trust lobby, every
other corrupt influence at Frankfort
used every possible means to defeat it.
Every influence and agency that fought
the Democracy in 1896 and helped to
steal Kentucky's vote opposed the en-
actment of this law, and is against it
now.

"The best test of any law is its prac-
tical operation. In November of last
year we had an election under this
law. It is conceded that that election
was as fairly conducted as any election
ever held in the commonwealth. Two
contests for seats in congress grew out
of that election, both contests being
made by the Republican candidates,
but in neither case was there any
claim of wrong under or by reason of
this law. Judge Jones, the Republican
candidate for judge of the court of ap-
peals last year, made opposition to this
law the basis of his canvass. He was
defeated. Neither he nor any one else
has even pretended that wrong of any
kind was done by the law. This is a
complete answer to every objection
that has been made to this law.

"Governor Bradley in his message
to the general assembly that enacted
the law recommended the enactment
of a new election law to prevent elec-
tion frauds. The bill for the new law
did not meet his views and he vetoed
it, but even he has declared that the
new law is better than the old law, to
which the Republican platform de-
mands a return.

"No well-informed, fair-minded man
doubts that but for this law Judge
Hobson would not now be judge of the
court of appeals. No well-informed,
fair-minded man doubts that but for
this law—without reference to how
the elections this year and next year
would have been determined now in
favor of the Republican party.

"Their real objection to this law is
that it does not state; that objection
is that this law insures honest elec-
tions. This law takes the vote of Ken-
tucky out of the vote market which
Hanna established in Kentucky in
1896. It destroys the assumed inalien-
able right of the Republican party to
steal elections. It is the barricade
which the Democracy of Kentucky
has erected to repel the invasions of
Hannan, and it will prove effective
to prevent a repetition of the theft of
1896. [Applause.]

"The Democratic platform indorses
the bill offered by Senator McChord
and passed at the last session of the
general assembly, which was vetoed
by the governor.

"If that bill had become a law the
railroad commission would have been
empowered by it to fix maximum rates
for the carrying of freights on rail-
roads in this commonwealth, in order
to prevent discrimination and extor-
tion. Several years before the gen-
eral assembly had enacted section 816
of the Kentucky statutes, which under-
took to define the offense of extortion
by railway carriers and to impose a
penalty for that commission. In April,
1896, the court of appeals adjudged
this statute insufficient to support a
prosecution, because the general as-
sembly had not by law fixed a max-
imum rate for freight carrying, nor em-
powered the railroad commission to do
so. To remedy this defect the Mc-
Chord bill was passed. The bill made
it the duty of the railroad commission
upon complaint of extortion to give
notice of a hearing, to hear the prop-
osition on both sides, and if it is found
that extortionate rate was being charged,
to fix a just and reasonable rate which
should be the maximum rate there-
after to be charged, and the charging
of a greater rate should be deemed ex-
tortion and punished by fine.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Democratic Platform Favors the Law
Reducing the Price.

"The Democratic platform favors,
and the Republican platform opposes,
the enactment of a law reducing the
prices of schoolbooks used in the com-
mon schools of the state. At the last
session there was passed by the house
of representatives a bill upon this sub-
ject, offered by Mr. Chinn of Mercer
county. This bill fixed a maximum of
prices for schoolbooks, on an average,
one-third less than the prices now
fixed by the school book trust, but
that maximum was still 10 per cent
above the average maximum price
fixed by a similar law that has been
in successful operation in Indiana for
10 years. In the house of representa-
tives and in the senate every Repub-
lican vote was cast against this bill.

"What good reason can there be
why the same school books, manufac-
tured and sold by the same corpora-
tion, should in Kentucky cost 43 per
cent, or nearly one-half, more than
they cost in the adjoining state of In-
diana? Such is the fact, solely because
the law permits it, and because the
representatives of the Republican party
in the last general assembly did the
bidding of the lobbyists of the book
trust. If there be anything that ought
to be made as nearly free as air as the
law can make it, it is the opportunity
of every child in the commonwealth
to get an education.

"The Democracy of Kentucky af-
firms that it is as true now as it was
when Jefferson wrote it into the Decla-
ration of Independence, that govern-
ments derive their just powers from
the consent of the governed, and that
this applies to all peoples everywhere.
They affirm that this nation should
no more have a British colonial policy
than it should have a British financial
policy; that what would have been
criminal aggression in Cuba is 'crim-
inal aggression' in the Philippines, and
therefore they denounce the policy of
the present national administration in
these islands. The only redeeming
features of the Republican policy of
imperialism are the bravery and hero-
ism of the American soldiers. [Ap-
plause.]

The Republican party in this cam-
paign appeals to the people for sup-
port upon the record of the present
Republican state administration. The
present state administration came into
power upon the claim that its Demo-
cratic predecessors had unnecessarily
increased the public debt, raised the
rate of taxation and misapplied the pub-
lic funds. Let us look at the books.
They said they in the campaign of 1895,
and we will show these things. For nearly
four years Kentucky has had Republi-
can rule; the Republicans have had
the books, but there has not been, nor
is there now, even a pretense that dur-
ing Democratic administrations a sin-
gle cent was misappropriated. The
present Republican administration,
when appealing to the people for sup-
port in 1895, promised, if elected, to
reduce the expenses of government. It
has increased them. It promised to
reduce the rate of taxation, but has
increased it. It promised to reduce
the public debt, but has increased it.
It promised to raise the per capita an-
nual allowance for school children, but
has decreased it. Never in the history
of the commonwealth were there such
scandals in the management of the
prisons and insane asylums as under
Republican management. The Republi-
can platform complains that by legis-
lation enacted at the last session of
the general assembly it was deprived
of the control of the penitentiaries.
The Democratic wardens and other of-
ficials in charge of the penitentiaries
when the Republican administration
came into power had been appointed
for terms fixed by law. The Republi-
can administration violated the law,
and kept them out long before the ex-
piration of their terms. The Republi-
can management increased the cost of the
penitentiaries. The Democratic man-
agement under the new law has not
only decreased the cost of maintaining
and operating the penitentiaries, but
has made them self-sustaining.

Republicans Arraigned.

"By the vote of the entire Republi-
can membership of both houses of the
general assembly at its last session
there was prevented the passage of a
law reducing to a just charge the
prices of school books now fixed by the
book trust, and by the penitentiaries.
Republicans of the general assembly
there was prevented the enactment of
a proper and effective anti-trust law.

"Nearly every bill passed by the gen-
eral assembly that would have given
people relief from oppressive bur-
den was vetoed by the Republican govern-
or—chief among which was the Mc-
Cord bill to prevent extortion and dis-
crimination in freight rates by rail-
road corporations, and both upon its
original passage and upon the ques-
tion of passing it over the veto every
Republican vote was cast against
this bill. This bill was entirely in the
interest of the masses of the people of
the commonwealth.

"The governor vetoed the 'fellow-
servants bill,' which would have given
the same right of compensation for in-
jury to, or death of, railway employes
by reason of negligence that the law
gives to strangers. This bill, if ap-
proved, would have given a large class
of employes who daily hazard their
lives, for an inconsiderable compensa-
tion, in a public service, the same right
that the law gives the traveler upon
the highway. The gross discrimina-
tion that this bill would have elimi-
nated from our law was removed from
the law of England 20 years ago by a
bill offered by Mr. Gladstone.

"The governor even vetoed the bill
requiring railway companies to carry
bicycles as baggage.

FOR HOARSENESS.

Geo. A. Pontins, Upper Sandus-
ky, O., writes: I have been using
Foley's Honey and Tar for sore
throat and hoarseness and find it
the best remedy I ever tried. It
stopped the cough immediately and
relieved all soreness.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon,
Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros.
Livingston.

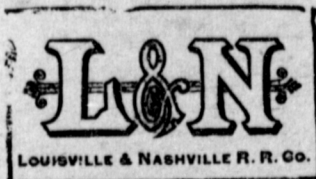
A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

Not only cures, but it keeps well
Is sold by an organized company of
responsible business men and has
the endorsement of thousands of
Clergymen and noted people
throughout the country. We speak
of that wonderful Instrument,
Electro-Posie, and ask your careful
examination into to the cures
it has wrought. Col. A. P. Nunnally
of the Inter-Ocean, Chicago, writes
"Nearly three years experience
with Electro-Posie only confirms
the truth of your claims. I say to
my friends that this instrument is
most wonderful invention and I
would not part with mine if I could
not get another. Send address for
our book giving letters from people
who have been cured by Electro-
posie. ELECTROPOISE CO.,
513 Fourth Avenue, Louisville,
Ky.

Mt. Vernon Signal

MT. VERNON, KY., NOV. 3, 1899

Entered at the Mt. Vernon, Ky., Post-office as second-class mail matter



L & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.
Day Mail North..... 11:05 a m
Day Mail South..... 1:57 p m
Night Ex. North..... 1:32 a m
Night Ex. South..... 1:44 a m
J. A. LANDRUM, Agent.

MASONIC.

Ashland Lodge No. 640 meets 2nd Monday 10 a m.

LOCAL and OTHERWISE.

Vote for Goebel.
Vote Democratic.
Don't forget to vote.
L. M. Houk is no better.
Don't forget to vote on Tuesday.
Put your "X" under the rooster.
Miss Ida May Adams is visiting Paint Lick.
Mace Miller has returned to Glen Mary.
Vote early and late—Tuesday, and keep at it.
Thomas Moore, of Wabed, was here Saturday.
E. B. Brown is home for a few days recreation.
Jim Hayes of near Wildie, was here Saturday last.
Frank Kirby was here Tuesday talking for Goebel.
Crab Orchard has three new houses under construction.
"Dick" Ewell was here Tuesday on a business trip from London.
Tom Stewart the "Lumber king" was taking up lumber this week.
Green Front Drug Store for medicines.
Two Mormon elders are preaching at Raspberry.
Look out for a big Democratic majority in the State.
James McGuire aged 98 was in town a few days since.
Mrs. Georgia Rice is visiting relatives in West Virginia.
James Arnolds \$75 mule is dead. Thought to have been shot.
Chas. McKinney bought the Kirby Bottoms farm for \$500.
Jesse Bullock went to Cincinnati and had an afflicted eye removed.
Mrs. D. C. Poynter, now at Martinsville, Ind., is improving.
J. T. Gentry and John D. Miller brakemen were here for a days rest.
The name of D. R. Totton appears on the ballot as "D. R. Totton."
In our next week's issue we expect to tell of Democracy's triumph at the polls.
Mr. and Mrs. Brack Graves have returned from Birmingham. Fred Graves is improving.
J. W. Yerkes has announced his candidacy for U. S. Senate to succeed Senator Lindsay.
Lion Coffee 10 cents per pound at S. W. Davis'. Gold Dust washing powder 5c per package.
J. A. Shannon, Crab Orchard's excellent marshal caught a negro horse thief last Saturday.
Put your "X" under the Democratic rooster, if you want to vote the regular Democratic ticket.
A. H. Bastin has sold his Crab Orchard storehouse and lots to a Mr. Ramsey of Fayette county.
Judge W. L. Brown, of London, is suing for the position of Circuit Judge, now held by Judge Eversole, claiming that the election was illegally held.

Fred Rader, near Orlando shot himself accidentally Tuesday.

Jake Gentry was fined for shooting on the highway one night last week.

HAY. In any quantity.
TIP & HARRY BRUCE,
Danville, Ky.

Do you, or will you need hay? Tip & Harry Bruce, Danville, Ky., are "the people." Write 'em.

Miss Fannie Langford has moved from DeHaven, Mo., to a farm near Crab Orchard, this State.

Boys' suits made to order for \$3.75 and up. See my line of samples.
S. W. DAVIS.

N. H. Tyree, the blacksmith, has concluded to remain here until after the election and is found at his old stand.

Call Signal office, over telephone any time election day or night or any old time; give us the returns news &c., "We pay the freight"

A. J. McKinney and Masters Asher Cummins, L. S. Cummins, and Sam McKinney, of Level Green, called to see us Wednesday.

A postal card without any writing on back addressed to Signal and post mark Louisville has been received. Write again and say something.

Read the articles on the election law and school book law and see if any fair minded man, with children to educate, can vote the Republican ticket.

Gen. Taylor, traveling on special coach, made an hour's stop here on last Wednesday and spoke at the court-house to a fair crowd. He opposed the election law; the school book law, &c.

Call and see my magnificent line of fall and winter samples now for inspection. Men's suits made to order at \$10 and up.
S. W. DAVIS.

STRAY.—A stray shot at my place, Mareburg, Ky. Will weigh 35 or 40 lbs. Owner can have same by proving and paying cost.
Z. EMERICK

We wish to get the returns from all precincts in the county on night of election points from where we can be reached by telephone will please call us up. We pay all charges.

Mrs. F. Warren and grand child was bitten by their family dog. It is supposed the dog was mad as it has since died. They were taken to a madstone.

Later—The Baker madstone at Climax, this county, was applied and it adhered for two hours to the wound of the elder, but failed to stick to that of the child, as it is said the skin, where bitten, was not broken.

Many inquires have been made as to when the game laws of Kentucky expire. The statutes provide that it shall be unlawful to kill or have in possession squirrel between the first day of February and 15th day of June. Quail, partridges or pheasants cannot be killed between January 1 and November 1. The killing of doves is prohibited between February 1 and August 1. There is no restriction placed upon the killing of rabbits, but it is generally accepted as the proper time after there has been frost. There is danger of the law against tainted food being invoked should the rabbit be sold during warm weather.

Crawfordsville, Ind.' street fair proved a big success. Everything that A. F. Ramsey undertakes proves successful. He was made president of the affair and of course pushed it to a finish that was highly satisfactory to his little city, which the inhabitants thereof call "the best town in the state." Last week the citizens who were connected with the fair gave a banquet in Mr. Ramsey's honor and a great time was enjoyed by all present. Mr. Ramsey was highly complimented by many speakers for his enterprise and untiring industry in the cause of upbuilding their town and community. Mr. Ramsey is a Rockcastle man.

Land, Stock, Crop

The News was presented with a pumpkin the past week which weighed over 100 lbs. Trimble county rightfully deserves the honor for being the banner pumpkin county in the State.—Milton News

J. P. Simmons has bought several crops of new tobacco in the Baldwin locality, paying from 6 to 7 1/2 cents a pound.—Valley View Argent.

The greatest sale of wool ever made in Indiana was closed at Crawfordville when McClure, Graham and Roundtree sold to the Manchester mills of Manchester, N. H., over 300,000 lbs of fine wool at 18 and 20 cts.

Mr. J. T. Curtis sold 32 yearling mules to W. N. Jones, of Tennessee at \$58 per head..... Mr. M. C. Covington, of Calcast, sold and weighed to J. W. Bales, Wednesday morning sixty-three head of cattle, averaging 1,350 pounds, at \$5 12 1/2 per hundred. A number of these cattle were two-year-olds and the bunch is considered a very fine one by Mr. Bales.—Richmond Pantagraph.

D. C. Allen sold Price Bros., 18 long yearlings 4c. He shipped three loads of cattle, hogs and sheep to Cincinnati, the cattle selling at \$2 26 to \$3 85; hogs at \$3 75 to \$4 20; sheep, \$3 50 to \$4 50. Mr. Allen has already shipped 10,000 cattle, sheep and hogs to Cincinnati this year.—Stanford Democrat.

It will not be a surprise to any who are at all familiar with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, to know that people everywhere take pleasure in relating their experience in the use of that splendid medicine and in telling of the benefit they have received from it, of bad colds, it has cured, of threatened attacks of pneumonia it has averted and of the children it has saved. It is a grand, good medicine. For sale by Theo. Wesley, Mt. Vernon Ky.



Put the "X" under the Rooster if wish to vote the Goebel Democratic ticket.

DON'T RISK YOUR LIFE.

Many of your friends, or people whom you know of have contracted consumption, pneumonia or other fatal diseases by neglect of a simple cold or cough. Foley's Honey and Tar, a safe, sure and pleasant cough medicine, would have saved them.
C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

BRODHEAD.

L. L. Jarrett was in Mt. Vernon this week.

Mrs. Marion Hutchison of London was visiting relatives here first of the week.

Miss Clyde Cass who is attending the college at Mt. vernon came down Saturday to see home folks.

Mr. Newman and family moved to Cincinnati Monday. He made many friends during his short stay at this place and the people regret very much to give him up.

Lnm Howell has moved to Gilpin property on main St.

Mrs. Wm. Gilpin is very low with consumption.

Agent Joe Farmer's mother of South Park Ky. is visiting him this week.

R. S. Martin and family are visiting relatives in Louisville.

Miss Lela Murphy of Cincinnati is visiting relatives here.

About 100 people about 50 of whom were Democrats gathered at the depot to hear Taylor.

E. E. Protheroe is on a business trip up in Ohio.

Mrs. John Sigman and little daughter, Cora are on the sick list.

Mrs. E. R. Protheroe, of Grandbury, Tex., is visiting relatives at this place.

'Pomp' Cass' mother, of Louisville, is visiting him this week.

C. C. Williams and J. W. Brown registered at the Hotel Frith, Saturday night.

Miss Samantha Albright, the accomplished daughter of Wm. Albright, who has been sick for several months, is able to be out again.

The names of the pupils getting the highest grade at the College, on their general average for the month of October are the following: Burdette Houk, Mt. Vernon. Alza Thompson, " Clyde Cass, Brodhead.

Danville Steam Laundry first class work. Represented in Mt. Vernon by D. S. Purdom, the Barber.

W. P. Hayes and Arch Albright, of Brodhead, were here Monday.

Dr. M. Pennington has newly carpeted his office and added a handsome book case, also a compressed air apparatus for treating catarrh of head and all diseases of throat. This is the only apparatus of the kind in the county. He has also added quite a lot of instruments for use in surgery. The Doctor, by close application and hard study is making rapid strides to the front.

If you want to exchange produce for dry goods or groceries, call on A. E. Albright & Co., No. 4 East Court street, Cincinnati.

Send your produce to A. E. Albright & Co., No. 4 East Court street, Cincinnati

J. H. Albright has a dozen or more farms of his own within a 3 mile circuit of Brodhead, which he will sell or rent. Write him at Brodhead.

How To PREVENT A COLD.

After exposure, or when you feel a cold coming on take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails and will prevent pneumonia or consumption if taken in time. C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

Jones Fish and Geo. Griffin, of Wildie, were here Wednesday.

WHAT A WELL-KNOWN RAILROAD Man and Resident of Lima thinks of Foley's Kidney Cure.

I have been troubled a great deal with backache. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure, and one bottle entirely relieved me. I gladly recommend it to any one especially my friends among the train men, who are usually similarly afflicted.

Geo. Hausen, Engineer on L. E. & W. R. R. R.
C. C. Davis & Co. Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead Hagan Bros., Livingston.

Joe Coffey, of Langford, was here Saturday last.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BAISM CURES OTHERS WHY NOT YOU?

My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm with good results for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well.—ADOLPH L. MILLETT, Manchester, N. H. For sale by Theo. Wesley.

Fair DEALING.

Our Fall and Winter stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes are coming in every day,

In our Dry Goods Department we have everything that you need and as cheap can be sold anywhere.

Our Boot and Shoe Department is complete with the best and most stylish boots and shoes made. When you want a good boot or shoe come to us.

Our Grocery Department is also complete with nice, fresh goods. In fact, if you want anything to eat and wear come to us.

HOUK & SON.

Don't forget the pure Candy made by S. W. Davis.

No. 1. fancy patent flour at S. W. Davis' for 55c and Belle of

If you need a good printing outfit, suitable for a small country paper; 7 column Washington hand press for less than half what it cost, Address S. W. DAVIS, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

Goebel, and Taylor, badges for sale by Lloyd Maret. Price 5 cents each. Call at signal office and get one.

EVERYBODY LOOK.

I am selling the Singer Sewing Machine on easy terms and keep all kinds of sewing machine needles oil bands, shuttles, and everything that belongs to a sewing machine. Will send needles by mail to any address. I also clean and repair all kinds of machines. You can see me here every Saturday. W. M. Owen Mt Vernon Ky

Mackerel 5c each in Basement.

Suits made to order, a fit guaranteed, from \$7.50 up—Houk & son.

For the best shave or hair-cut to be had within Rockcastle go to Purdom the Mt Vernon barber.

WANTED:—Wood and coal in exchange for tuition at Collegiate Institute. Call on Dr. A. E. Ewers, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the Pine Hill Mining Company, of PINE HILL, Rockcastle county, Ky., is closing up its business as such company and any person holding a claim against said Company must present same to the Trustee, S. J. A. Bowley, formerly S. A. Parrish, at Hot Springs, Va., for settlement.
PINE HILL MINING CO.,
By J. A. August, Pres.
Oct. 17th 1899.

Call and see my line of fancy groceries and get bargains.
S. W. DAVIS.

A big cut in saddles and harness at S. W. Davis'.

USED BY BRITISH SOLDIERS IN AFRICA

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Galishe, Under date Nov. 4, 1897 from Vryburg, Bechuanaaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to men, and in every case it proved most beneficial." For sale by Theo. Wesley.

Goebel badges, Taylor badges, for sale by Lloyd Maret.
SHORT HORNS FOR SALE.—I have two red Short Horn bulls for sale.
E. P. WOODS, Stanford, Ky.

P. A. Pennington, D. D. S.; M. D. DENTST,

N W Cor. Third and Chestnut Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Will be at Miller House, Mt Vernon during all Circuit Courts.

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FOR SALE. Three houses and lots in Orlando also a good farm on Cove branch 135 acres. Good buildings and out houses. Good grass land as well as highly productive for other crops. Well watered. At a bargain apply to Signal or J. B. Owens, Orlando.

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